

Table 3.05 Land Use Districts in Hawai'i: December 2013 (acres)

Island	Land Use Districts				Total	
	Urban	Conservation	Agricultural	Rural	Acres	%
Hawai'i	54,140	1,304,347	1,212,891	2,023	2,573,400	62.6%
Maui	24,191	194,836	242,720	4,053	465,800	11.3%
Kaho'olawe	-	28,800	-	-	28,800	0.7%
Lana'i	3,330	38,197	46,566	2,407	90,500	2.2%
Moloka'i	2,539	49,768	111,627	1,866	165,800	4.0%
O'ahu	101,661	156,829	127,698	-	386,188	9.4%
Kaua'i	14,573	198,769	139,305	1,253	353,900	8.6%
Ni'ihau	-	-	45,700	-	45,700	1.1%
Kaula and Lehua	-	400	-	-	400	
Other islands	-	1,900	-	-	1,900	0.0%
Total	200,434	1,973,846	1,926,507	11,602	4,112,388	
	4.9%	48.0%	46.8%	0.3%	100.0%	

- Not applicable

^a As classified by the Hawai'i State Land Use Commission.

URBAN DISTRICT: The Urban District generally includes lands characterized by "city-like" concentrations of people, structures and services. This District also includes vacant areas for future development.

RURAL DISTRICT: Rural Districts are composed primarily of small farms intermixed with low-density residential lots with a minimum size of one-half acre.

AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT: The Agricultural District includes lands for the cultivation of crops, aquaculture, raising livestock, wind energy facility, timber cultivation, agriculture-support activities (i.e., mills, employee quarters, etc.) and land with significant potential for agriculture uses. Golf courses and golf-related activities may also be included in this district, provided the land is not in the highest productivity categories (A or B) of the Land Study Bureau's detailed classification system.

CONSERVATION DISTRICT: Conservation lands are comprised primarily of lands in existing forest and water reserve zones and include areas necessary for protecting watersheds and water sources, scenic and historic areas, parks, wilderness, open space, recreational areas, habitats of endemic plants, fish and wildlife, and all submerged lands seaward of the shoreline. The conservation District also includes lands subject to flooding and soil erosion.

Source: Hawai'i State. Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism. *The State of Hawaii Data Book: A Statistical Abstract 2013*. (Honolulu, 2014)