Year	Land Use Districts in the State of Hawaiʻi (acres)				-
	Urban	Conservation	Agricultural	Rural	Total Acres
1990	178,114	1,960,608	1,963,491	10,175	4,112,388
1991	181,407	1,959,621	1,961,294	10,066	4,112,388
1992	180,912	1,960,615	1,960,795	10,066	4,112,388
1993	187,697	1,958,897	1,955,704	10,090	4,112,388
1994	189,418	1,974,549	1,938,505	9,916	4,112,388
1995	190,257	1,976,016	1,936,197	9,918	4,112,388
1996	191,941	1,974,994	1,935,526	9,927	4,122,388
1997	192,158	1,974,994	1,935,305	9,931	4,112,388
1998	193,001	1,974,994	1,934,423	9,970	4,112,388
1999	194,592	1,974,994	1,932,792	10,010	4,112,388
2000	193,308	1,976,004	1,933,066	10,010	4,112,388
2001	194,556	1,974,106	1,933,687	10,039	4,112,388
2002	195,495	1,973,973	1,932,862	10,058	4,112,388
2003	196,215	1,973,636	1,932,429	10,108	4,112,388
2004	196,991	1,973,636	1,931,378	10,383	4,112,388
2005	197,085	1,973,636	1,930,797	10,870	4,112,388
2006	197,663	1,973,631	1,930,224	10,870	4,112,388
2007	198,141	1,973,631	1,929,746	10,870	4,112,388
2008	198,296	1,973,631	1,928,860	11,602	4,112,388
2009	198,492	1,973,631	1,928,663	11,602	4,112,388
2010	198,549	1,973,846	1,928,391	11,602	4,112,388
2011	198,622	1,973,846	1,928,318	11,602	4,112,388

^a As classified by the Hawai'i State Land Use Commission since 1987.

URBAN DISTRICT: The Urban District generally includes lands characterized by "city-like" concentrations of people, structures and services. This District also includes vacant areas for future development.

RURAL DISTRICT: Rural Districts are composed primarily of small farms intermixed with low-density residential lots with a minimum size of one-half acre.

AGRICULTURAL DISTRICT: The Agricultural District includes lands for the cultivation of crops, aquaculture, raising livestock, wind energy facility, timber cultivation, agriculture-support activities (i.e., mills, employee quarters, etc.) and land with significant potential for agriculture uses. Golf courses and golf-related activities may also by included in this district, provided the land is not in the highest productivity categories (A or B) of the Land Study Bureau's detailed classification system.

CONSERVATION DISTRICT: Conservation lands are comprised primarily of lands in existing forest and water reserve zones and include areas necessary for protecting watersheds and water sources, scenic and historic areas, parks, wilderness, open space, recreational areas, habitats of endemic plants, fish and wildlife, and all submerged lands seaward of the shoreline. The conservation District also includes lands subject to flooding and soil erosion.

Source: Hawai'i State. Department of Business, Economic Development and Tourism. Land Use Commission Records. (Honolulu)