Service	Military Lands in Hawaiʻi (acres)									
	Fee		Ceded ^a		Other ^b		Total			
Army	3,469	12.8%	102,977	91.8%	61,132	85.3%	167,578	79.4%		
Navy	17,786	65.4%	6,989	6.2%	3,570	5.0%	28,345	13.4%		
Air Force	2,945	10.8%	1,490	1.3%	694	1.0%	5,129	2.4%		
Marine Corps	2,992	11.0%	681	0.6%	6,308	8.8%	9,981	4.7%		
Total	27,192	12.9%	112,137	53.1%	71,704	34.0%	211,033			

^a The term "ceded lands" refers to the 1.8 million acres of land that were the crown lands of the Hawaiian monarchy prior to their overthrown in 1893. At the time of annexation, the former Crown lands were "ceded" to the US Federal Government. When Hawaii became a U.S. state in 1959, the lands were transferred to the state.

^b Other: military secondary use of non-DOD lands.

Island	Military Lands in Hawaiʻi (acres)									
	Fee		Ceded ^a		Other ^b		Total			
Hawaiʻi	5	0.0%	84,839	75.7%	24,058	33.6%	108,902	51.6%		
Maui	6	0.0%	0	0.0%	9	0.0%	15	0.0%		
Molokaʻi	0	0.0%	12	0.0%	6,681	9.3%	6,693	3.2%		
Oʻahu	27,181	100.0%	25,253	22.5%	38,383	53.5%	90,817	43.0%		
Kauaʻi	0	0.0%	1,925	1.7%	2,573	3.6%	4,498	2.1%		
Ka'ula	0	0.0%	108	0.1%	0	0.0%	108	0.1%		
Total	27,192	12.9%	112,137	53.1%	71,704	34.0%	211,033			

^a The term "ceded lands" refers to the 1.8 million acres of land that were the crown lands of the Hawaiian monarchy prior to their overthrown in 1893. At the time of annexation, the former Crown lands were "ceded" to the US Federal Government. When Hawaii became a U.S. state in 1959, the lands were transferred to the state.

Source: U.S. Department of Defense. Hawaii Military Land Use Master Plan: July 1995. (Honolulu, 1995).

• In 1995, the Department of Defense in Hawai'i controlled 211,033 acres, of which 112,137 (53%) acres were ceded lands.

^b Other: military secondary use of non-DOD lands.