Hānau1A24

Native Hawaiian Women with Maternal Morbidities Requiring 1 or More Nights Hospital in Hawaiʻi: 2000-2008

**Survey Question:** Did you do any of the following things because of these problems? High blood sugar (diabetes) that started before this pregnancy, Vaginal bleeding, Kidney or bladder (urinary tract) infection Severe nausea, vomiting, or dehydration, Cervix had to be sewn shut (incompetent cervix), High blood pressure, hypertension (including pregnancy-induced hypertension [PIH]), preeclampsia, or toxemia, Problems with the placenta (such as abruptio placentae or placenta previa), Labor pains more than 3 weeks before my baby was due (preterm or early labor), Water broke more than 3 weeks before my baby was due (premature rupture of membranes [PROM]), I had to have a blood transfusion, I was hurt in a car accident

Year	State of Hawaiʻi				Native Hawaiian			
	No.	Maternal morbidities requiring at least 1 night hospital stay	95%CI Lower Limit	95%CI Upper Limit	No.	Maternal morbidities requiring at least 1 night hospital stay	95%CI Lower Limit	95%CI Upper Limit
2000	1,600	9.1%	7.9%	10.5%	500	11.8%	10.0%	13.8%
2001	1,900	11.4%	10.0%	12.9%	600	12.7%	11.0%	14.8%
2002	1,700	9.8%	8.2%	11.7%	600	12.2%	10.1%	14.6%
2003	1,400	7.8%	6.5%	9.4%	500	9.8%	8.0%	12.0%
2004	1,700	9.6%	8.3%	11.0%	600	11.4%	8.7%	14.8%
2005	1,600	9.3%	8.0%	10.8%	500	9.6%	7.0%	12.9%
2006	1,800	9.9%	8.5%	11.6%	400	8.8%	6.3%	12.3%
2007	1,700	9.0%	7.6%	10.5%	500	10.2%	7.5%	13.7%
2008	1,800	9.3%	8.0%	10.9%	600	11.2%	8.4%	14.8%

**Source:** Hawai'i State, Department of Health, Hawai'i Health Data Warehouse. Hawai'i Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System, PRAMS Health Indicator Report- Maternal morbidities requiring 1+ night hospital